

Name: _____

CC Algebra 2R Midterm Review #2

1) Given i is the imaginary unit, $(2 - yi)^2$ in simplest form is

- 1) $y^2 - 4yi + 4$
- 2) $-y^2 - 4yi + 4$
- 3) $-y^2 + 4$
- 4) $y^2 + 4$

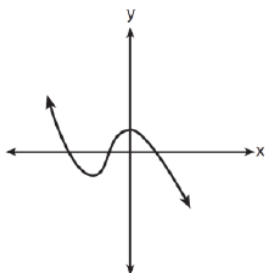
2) Which factorization is *incorrect*?

- 1) $4k^2 - 49 = (2k + 7)(2k - 7)$
- 2) $a^3 - 8b^3 = (a - 2b)(a^2 + 2ab + 4b^2)$
- 3) $m^3 + 3m^2 - 4m + 12 = (m - 2)^2(m + 3)$
- 4) $t^3 + 5t^2 + 6t + t^2 + 5t + 6 = (t + 1)(t + 2)(t + 3)$

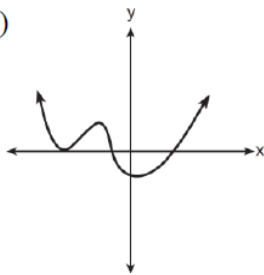
3) Which graph has the following characteristics?

- three real zeros
- as $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
- as $x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

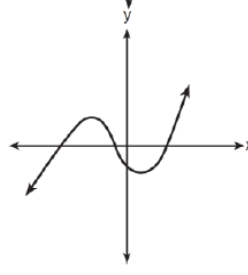
1)



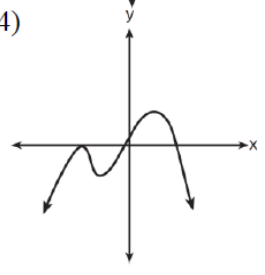
2)



3)



4)



4) The solution set for the equation $\sqrt{56 - x} = x$ is

- 1) $\{-8, 7\}$
- 2) $\{-7, 8\}$
- 3) $\{7\}$
- 4) $\{ \}$

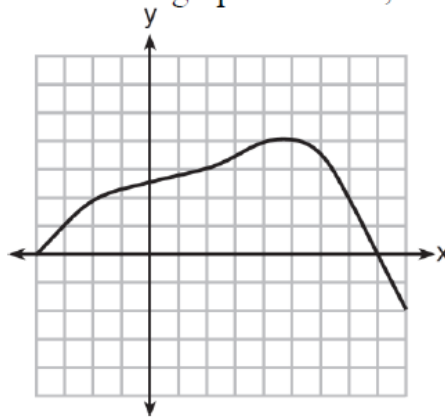
5) The zeros for $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 36x$ are

- 1) $\{0, \pm 3, 4\}$
- 2) $\{0, 3, 4\}$
- 3) $\{0, \pm 3, -4\}$
- 4) $\{0, 3, -4\}$

6) The expression $\sqrt{-180x^{16}}$ is equivalent to

- 1) $-6x^4\sqrt{5}$
- 2) $-6x^8\sqrt{5}$
- 3) $6x^4i\sqrt{5}$
- 4) $6x^8i\sqrt{5}$

7) Which value is in the domain of the function graphed below, but is *not* in its range?



- 1) 0
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) 7

8) The expression $\frac{4x^3 + 5x + 10}{2x + 3}$ is equivalent to

- 1) $2x^2 + 3x - 7 + \frac{31}{2x + 3}$
- 2) $2x^2 - 3x + 7 - \frac{11}{2x + 3}$
- 3) $2x^2 + 2.5x + 5 + \frac{15}{2x + 3}$
- 4) $2x^2 - 2.5x - 5 - \frac{20}{2x + 3}$

- 9) The table below shows the cost of mailing a postcard in different years. During which time interval did the cost increase at the greatest average rate?

Year	1898	1971	1985	2006	2012
Cost (¢)	1	6	14	24	35

- 1) 1898-1971
- 2) 1971-1985
- 3) 1985-2006
- 4) 2006-2012

- 10) If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 4$, then $f(x + 3)$ is equal to

- 1) $2x^2 - 3x + 7$
- 2) $2x^2 - 3x + 13$
- 3) $2x^2 + 9x + 13$
- 4) $2x^2 + 9x + 25$

- 11) If $f(x) = x^2 - x$ and $g(x) = x + 1$, determine $f(g(x))$ in simplest form.

- 12) Solve the system of equations shown below algebraically.

$$(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 16$$

$$2x + 2y = 10$$

- 13) Simplify: $\frac{1 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6}{x^2}}{1 - \frac{4}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2}}$

- 14) Consider the polynomial function $g(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 + 10x^2 + 18x + 9$ and its graph below.



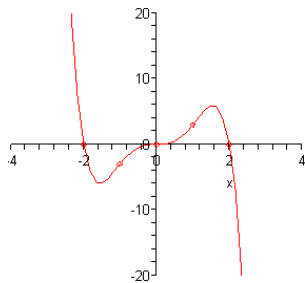
- a. Based on the appearance of the graph, what does the real solution to the equation $x^4 + 2x^3 + 10x^2 + 18x + 9 = 0$ appear to be?
- b. Using the graph, what must be a factor of the polynomial graphed above?
- c. Find the two complex number zeros of $y = g(x)$.
- d. Using the solution from parts a-c, express the polynomial in terms of linear factors.

15) Add and fully simplify: $\frac{3}{x-2} + \frac{7}{x+5}$

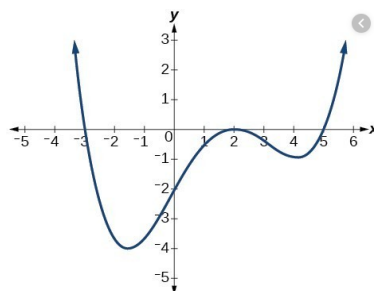
16) Perform the indicated operations and fully simplify: $\frac{x^2-4}{x^2+2x-15} \cdot \frac{x^2-2x-3}{6x+42} \div \frac{x^2+2x}{9x^2+45x}$

17) Write the equation of the following graphs in factored form.

a.



b.



18) Determine the vertex, focus and directrix of the following parabolas:

a. $y = \frac{1}{16}(x-4)^2 - 5$

b. $x = \frac{1}{20}(y+2)^2 - 3$